

UV CURING MODULE FOR LABEL PRINTER

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/287,842 filed May 1, 2001 and U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/283,113 filed 5 April 11, 2001.

BACKGROUND

Technical Field

The disclosure relates generally to a UV curing device for use with a label printer and is specifically directed to a label applicator or label rewinder with 10 integrated ultraviolet (UV) curing functionality.

Description of the Related Art

UV curing of printed images is normally associated with gravure, offset, screen or flexo-graphic printing processes and equipment.

The inventors are unaware of the previous application of integrated 15 UV curing capability with a label applicator.

On demand printing, unlike the previous above listed printing processes provides a custom label or rolls of, for example, sequentially numbered labels on demand. With the capability of printing near or at the point of use, on demand printers are often used to provide unique labels for application in high 20 abrasion and or chemical environments, for example in the engine compartment of automobiles. Some previous on demand printers for these applications have used protective over coverings and or labels having a layered structure. These solutions have added media and machine complexity and overall increased materials costs.

UV curable links are cured by exposure to UV light. The UV light initiates photo polymerization causing the ink's chemical conversion to a cross-linked polymer. Compared to conventional inks, UV curable inks create an image with improved abrasion and chemical resistance characteristics.

5 UV curable inks, UV curing apparatus, light guides, reflectors/concentrators for UV light, and label applicators are disclosed in detail in the following references hereby incorporated by reference:

 US04483585 "Illuminating device having optical light guide formed as fibre bundle"

10 US04924599 "UV curing apparatus"

 US05832362 "Apparatus for generating parallel radiation for curing photosensitive resin"

 US04052280 "UV curing of polymerizable binders"

 US05521392 "Light cure system with closed loop control and work

15 piece recording"

 US05905012 "Radiation curable toner particles"

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

Figure 1 is a schematic of a label applicator according to at least one embodiment of the invention.

20 Figure 2 is a schematic of a label rewinder according to at least one embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A label applicator 100 or rewinder unit 200 is modified to include a UV curing device. In a label applicator embodiment 100, the UV curing element 102 may be built into the head 104 which picks up a label 106a, 106b (collectively 106) or it may be mounted over a belt drive that carries/transport the label 106 from a printer 108 to the applicator head 104. In a label rewinder embodiment

200, the UV curing element 202 may be built into the rewinder enclosure 204 or it may be mounted over a belt drive 205 that carries/ transports the labels 206 on a web of backing material 207 from a printer 208 to the label rewinder 200. The UV energy from the UV curing device is focused upon the printed image such that the

5 ink chemistry cures under UV radiation into a cross linked polymer.

The UV curing system or module 102, 202 would be user adjustable to match the light source wavelength to activate photo initiators in the ink chemistry.

The UV curing unit/module 102, 202 may be integrated into the on-
10 demand label printer, applied to a stand alone off-line applicator unit for example designed to handle rolls of pre-printed labels, or it may be applied to a stand alone off-line label rewinder unit for example designed to rewind labels onto rolls 210 of pre-printed labels 206 as they exit the printer 208.

A label applicator 100 or rewinder 200 with a UV curing module 102,
15 202 may be either factory installed in new applicator or rewinder equipment or used installed as an add-on accessory. The lamp 110, 210 and/or power source 112, 212 may be positioned directly over the label path providing light energy focused on the label image as it passes or the lamp 110, 210/ power source 112, 212 may be located remote from the immediate path and the light energy directed
20 from the lamp 110, 210 /power source 112, 212 through a fiber optic cable.

Cooling of the UV lamp chamber may be via forced high-velocity air. The UV lamp and/or chamber may be equipped with a UV filter/shield to minimize or eliminate user exposure to the light energy. The light/power source of the unit may be selectable between different lamps 102, 202 and/or filters 114, 214 for the lamps
25 110, 210 to match the wavelength and light energy to the photo initiator chemistry in the inks. The lamp 110, 210 /energy power source 112, 212 may be a pulsed xenon flash lamp with the wavelength optimized by a circuit 118, 218 which allows for shifting current density.

Feedback to manipulate the lamp/power source output may be provided by a photo sensor control circuit 220 depending upon the type of lamp/power source the photo sensor 222 may be, for example, a fluorescent active optical sensor or a filtered photodiode sensor. The UV curing component may

- 5 include a typical angled or parabolic curved reflector of metallic or dichromic material which may allow the adjustment of a focal point and intensity of the light energy. The lamp may be quartz, mercury vapor or other inert gas device. Lamp excitation may be through a conventional arc, radio frequency or microwave energy. Lamp and/or power source initiation may be by a label sensor 224 or
- 10 printer signal 124.

The integration of the UV curing function into the label applicator 100 or rewinder 200 allows the use of the device with the wide range of existing thermal transfer printers capable of using ultraviolet thermal transfer ribbons without adaptation or conversion (including additional hardware or software

- 15 adjustments). In other embodiments the label applicator may also utilize other on demand printers such as inkjets, dot matrix, impact, or laser systems which are capable of utilizing inks which are photo polymerizable to a more durable state. The wide applicability of UV curing capability in an applicator allows the option of using UV curable print media without requiring a large capital investment.